المذاكرة التحريرية الأولى الاس

اللغـــة الإنكليـــزية

الثالث الثانوي العلمي = دوام الظهيرة (٢٠٢٠ – ٢٠٢١) الدرجة : ٣٠٠



I. Read the following text then do the tasks below:

The Geneva Convention is a set of international laws that protect injured soldiers and civilians during war. The law makes sure that every person is treated well and with respect. The first treaty was written in 1864 but it is often changed due to different types of war. It was significantly updated in 1949 after World War Two. Syria is one of 200 countries in the world that agrees to follow the laws of the Geneva Convention. The agreement is important because during war a country might need help from neutral organisations to care for the wounded. The Red Crescent is one of the organisations that provides aid during times of war. It also helps injured people during peacetime, and you may have seen ambulances with the Red Crescent symbol in the street. Countries who follow the laws of the Geneva Convention must not attack civilians, and they are not allowed to fight someone who is already hurt. It is illegal to ignore these rules, and a country found guilty of committing war crimes will be tried in a court of law and can be severely punished. All soldiers, civilians and prisoners may receive medical help from doctors and nurses. They can be taken to a hospital without being attacked. Food can also be given to people involved in a conflict. Under the Geneva Convention it does not matter what religion, gender or nationality a person is or what his political views are; if someone is sick he must be treated without prejudice.

Answer the following questions: (18 marks)

- 1. Why is the treaty often changed?
- **2.** What is considered against the law?
- **3.** Why is the agreement important?

Find words in the text which mean the following:

(10 marks)

- **4.** a formal agreement
- **5.** people not in the army

Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information: (12 marks)

- **6.** The Red Crescent is an organisation that offers help during times of war only.
- **7.** All people, women and children receive medical help from doctors and nurses.

II. Read the following text then do the tasks below:

Until recently, people often disposed of waste in open holes in the ground, called open landfills. But these open dumps were dangerous. Rainfall dissolved some of the chemicals from the waste, forming a liquid called **leachate**. Leachate could pollute the soil, run off into streams and lakes, or trickle down into the groundwater. Some countries have banned the use of open dumps. Another type of landfills is called a sanitary landfill, which is specially constructed to hold the waste material more safely. A sanitary landfill holds municipal solid waste, construction debris and some types of agricultural and industrial waste. Once a sanitary landfill is full, it is covered with a clay cap to keep rainwater out. Even well-designed landfills can pollute the soil and groundwater. And while capped landfills can be reused for some purposes, such as parks, they cannot be used for housing or agriculture. Another solution is municipal solid waste composting. With this technique, all the solid waste that a community produces can be composted. This would dramatically reduce the volume of waste disposed of in sanitary landfills. One disadvantage of this type of composting is that heavy metals and toxic pesticide residues may be left in the compost.

Choose the correct answer a, b or c: (12 marks)

- **8.** Leachate could trickle down into
 - **a.** groundwater **b.** parks
 - **b.** parks **c.** landfill
- 9. For disposing of waste, people used open holes in
- the ground which are called......
 - **a.** lakes
- **b.** clay
- **c**. landfills

Match two the underlined words from the text to the definitions below: (12 marks)

- 10. a very small flow of liquid
- **11.** what remains after something has been crushed or destroyed.

<u>Complete the following sentences with</u> information from the text: (12 marks)

- **12.** When a sanitary landfill is full,
- **13.** This will dramatically decrease

| III- Complete the following by filling in the gaps: | VII- Complete the following sentences using |
|--|---|
| (18 marks) | <u>clauses:</u> (14 marks) |
| 14 1975 my family left England on 15 | 29. When I was a young, |
| aeroplane. Five hours later we arrived in Damascus, | 30. I went to the doctor's this morning because |
| Syria. My mother 16 worried about the plane | |
| journey. | VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets: (18 marks) |
| | 31. The jury said he was not (guilty, guilt). |
| IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. | 32. When he accused me of being lazy, I saw |
| <u>Use each word once only:</u> (24 marks) | |
| discovery - swinging - age - time - hitting | (red, blue) |
| alsoovery swinging age time number | 33. We are looking forward (to, with) our summer |
| At the 17 of eighteen, Galileo made his first | holiday. |
| 18 He was in a church when he heard a strange | |
| noise. He noticed that the oil lamp was 19 | IX-Correct the verbs in brackets: (18 marks) |
| backwards and forwards. He also heard the lamp chain | 24 Ha (main) midd his fairn de feathar hanns |
| 20 against the wall, and it seemed to him that | 34. He (swim) with his friends for two hours. |
| they were both moving at the same time. | 35. I couldn't contact my friend. He (switch off) his |
| | mobile. |
| V-Complete the following dialogue by writing | 36. My journey to work (get) worse every day. |
| suitable questions and answer. Write at least three | |
| words for each question: (32 marks) | 37. Translate the following sentence into Arabic: |
| | (10marks) |
| 21. A: ? | Once a sanitary landfill is full, it is covered |
| B: My school was opened in 1975. | with a clay cap to keep rainwater out. |
| 22. A: ? | Translate the following sentence into English: |
| B: I have been in this school for five years. | 38. (8marks) |
| 23. A:? | |
| B: I go there by bus. | سمعت المحكمة بأن الجريمة قد وقعت في ملعب لكرة المضرب. |
| 24. A: Where is the school located? | XI- Composition: (50marks) |
| B: | Write a composition of no more than 80 words |
| VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in | on the following topic: |
| | |
| <u>brackets:</u> (32 marks) | An account of a visit you have made |
| 25. I am not good at maths. I wish | J V 66 / [] |
| 26. I can't speak French. I wish | End of Questions |
| 27. You are always losing things. I wish | انتهت الأسئلة |
| 28. We don't spend much time together. | 6 |
| I wish | تاسست |

المذاكرة التحريرية الأولى

اللغة الإنكليزية

الثالث الثانوي العلمي = دوام الظهيرة (٢٠٢٠ – ٢٠٢١) الدرجة : ٣٠٠



I. Read the following text then do the tasks below:

When we talk about animal migration we mean the movement of an animal from the place where it has been living to a different place and the return journey to that animal's original home. Most animal migrations are recurrent events which happen at certain times of the year. Animals usually migrate to find food or to raise their young. Incredibly, most migrating animals follow the same route every year and from generation to generation. Land animals may cross mountains or forge through rivers, while birds and insects travel extensive distances, sometimes across continents and oceans. Fish and other sea creatures may migrate halfway round the world. For example, the grey whale can travel as much as 20,000 kilometers. Many animals migrate to northern regions during the northern summer because the long summer days mean that there is always plenty of food. In the autumn, when the weather gets colder, many animals migrate south to find food and warmer weather (the southern summer). Some animals migrate every year, doing the two journeys in one year, but others migrate only if they need to find food or for more temperate weather.

Answer the following questions: (18 marks)

- **1.** What do we mean by animal migration?
- **2.** Why do animals usually migrate?
- **3.** Do all animals make the same number of migrations every year?

Find words in the text which mean the following:

(10 marks)

- 4. occurring often or repeatedly
- **5.** advance steadily

Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information: (12 marks)

- **6.** Most animals migrate to escape from their enemies.
- 7. Many animals migrate south in the summer.

II. Read the following text then do the tasks below:

When oil is refined to make petrol and other products, solid materials called resins are left over. Resins can be heated, stretched and moulded into plastic products. Common products made from plastic include milk jugs, detergent containers and soft drink bottles. When they are recycled, the new plastic can take on very different forms, such as carpeting, park benches, **fiber filling** for jackets, and many other things. Recycling is not a complete answer to the solid waste problem. Some materials cannot be recycled. There are not enough uses for some recycled products, such as low-quality newspaper. Finally all recycling processes require energy and create some pollution. Not all the materials we use have to be recycled. By reusing objects we can reduce the need for disposal sites and the polluting machinery used for some recycling processes. Empty glass bottles and jars can become flower vases, candle holders or storage vessels for rice, pulses and sugar. Plastic bags can be reused again and again and cardboard boxes can be used as floor coverings or for insulating your home.

Choose the correct answer a, b or c: (12 marks) 8. can't be recycled.

- a. Some materials
- **b.** All materials
- c. Many materials

9. Recycling is not a complete answer to the solid waste problem because

- a. there are not enough uses for some recycled products
- b. some materials cannot be recycled
- c. both a and b

Match two the underlined words from the text to the definitions below: (12 marks)

- 10. a liquid or powder used for washing clothes, plates, etc.
- 11. a material made from many small threads, often used to fill or insulate.

Complete the following sentences with information from the text: (12 marks) 12 All recycling processes need

- 13. When we reuse objects, we can

| 111- Complete the following by fining in the gaps: | vii- Complete the following sentences using |
|---|--|
| (18 marks) | clauses: (14 marks) |
| Today, more and more people in Syria 14 using | 29. When I arrived home, |
| computers for activities at home, at school or at work. | 30. Fadia didn't go to school because |
| Such is the demand that $15 \dots$ government launched | VIII- Choose the correct words in brackets: |
| a scheme to allow Syrians to purchase 16 more | (18 marks) 31. Some human activities are (destroying, |
| easily. | destruction) the natural world. |
| IV- Fill in the spaces with words from the list. | 32. We're (running out of, coming up against) |
| Use each word once only: (24 marks) | space to use as landfill sites |
| weights - higher - lead - father - ropes | 33. I heard (red tape, out of the blue) that I won a |
| He took two pieces of 17 that were of the | writing competition. |
| same weight and tied them to two 18 of equal | IX-Correct the verbs in brackets: (18 marks) |
| length. He fixed the ropes to a chair. He gave his | 34. He (swim) with his friends for two hours. |
| 19 one rope to hold at the end with the weight; | 35. My father retired last year. He (work) in the |
| he held the other rope 20than his father's. They | same company all his life. |
| let go of the at the same time. | 36. My journey to work (get) worse every day. |
| V-Complete the following dialogue by writing | X- Translate the following sentence into Arabic: |
| suitable questions and answer. Write at least three | (10 marks) |
| words for each question: (32 marks) | 37. Recycling also saves the energy needed to |
| 21. A:? | obtain and process raw materials. |
| B: Many animals migrate to find food. | The share of the state of the French |
| 22. A:? | Translate the following sentence into English: (8 marks) |
| B: Some animals migrate every year. | |
| 23. A: ? | سببت العواصف الدمار لمعظم المحاصيل |
| B: There are many kinds of animals. | VI Commonitions (50 monles) |
| 24. A: Why do like animals? | XI- Composition: (50 marks) |
| B: | Write a composition of no more than 80 words on the following topic: |
| | Do you think companies should allow their |
| VI- Rewrite the following sentences as required in | employees to use work computers for their own |
| <u>brackets:</u> (32 marks) | purposes? |
| 25. The streets are dirty. I wish | End of Questions انتهت الأسئلة |
| 26. You eat too quickly. I wish | النهت الإست |
| 27. Our city doesn't collect rubbish. I wish | CULLU L |
| 28. I can't sing well. I wish | |
| | |